

Reno Evening Gazette.

VOL. XIV.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1882.

NO. 24.

LOCALS.

Glad News for the Unfortunate.
"Henry's Special" will cure nervous debility, impotence, and all weakness of generative organs. Thousands restored to health by this remedy who had tried every known means. It stops the unnatural drain upon the system that destroys body and mind. Acts specifically on the reproductive organs, giving strength and tone. Place perfect confidence in this greatest of all "Remedial Agents." Sent by mail securely sealed with receipt of money. Price, one dollar. Six packages, five dollars.
WHEELER & CO.,
140 East 27th street, New York City.

FRUIT'S OTHER WILL immediately relieve cough, whooping cough and bronchitis. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

A NARAL INJECT is free with each bottle of Rihloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 10 cents. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

THE RAY GEO. H. THEATRE of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Rihloh's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker."

ARE YOU MADE miserable by indigestion, constipation, flatulency, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Rihloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Rihloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cents. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

SWILSON'S CATARRH REMEDY a positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria and canker mouth. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

"HACKNEY'S" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

FOR DYSPYPTIA and liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Rihloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.

IT WILL DO IT.
Food will lodge in the intestines between the teeth, and become a source of their decay. SOZODONT will dissolve such deposits and prevent the mischief. All parents should provide SOZODONT and thus secure the health of their children's teeth. \$20w

FOR AGED MEN, women, weak and sickly children, without a rival. Will not cause headache. Brown's Iron Bitters. \$20w

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, whooping cough, croup, influenza, consumption, and all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle. feb20-d&w-ly

Persian Syrup cures dyspepsia, general debility, liver complaint, indigestion, chronic diarrhoea, nervous affections, female complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood. feb20-d&w-ly

A Delightful Novelty.
Ladies prefer Floreston Cologne because they find this latest combination of exquisite perfumes a delightful novelty. \$19m1d-w

Loss of hair and grayness, which often the prettiest face, are prevented by Parker's Hair Balsam. \$20ctm

Varied Performances.
Many wonder how Parker's Ginger Tonic can perform such varied cures, thinking it essence of ginger, when in fact it is made of many valuable medicines which act beneficially on every diseased organ. \$20ctm

A Card.
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a Missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City. oct13-d&w

Horsford's Acid Phosphate in Dyspepsia. Dr. A. Jenkins, Great Falls, N. H., says: "I have prescribed it and can testify to its seemingly almost specific virtues in cases of dyspepsia, nervousness and morbid vigilance or wakefulness." \$20ctw

Satisfaction for Ten.
In our family of ten for over twenty years Parker's Ginger Tonic has cured headache, malaria and other complaints so effectively that we are in excellent health and no expense for doctors or other medicines.—Chronicle. 20lm

No More Dyspepsia or Indigestion.
Dr. Henley's celebrated I X L Bitters are the best bitters in use. They never fail to give relief. Read physicians' certificates on the back of bottle. Sold everywhere. feb20

JOHN BARN, doubled in size is the largest Japanese sale exhibition in the world. Shattuck & Fletcher export their printing inks to Japan, receive Japanese goods in return, pay for this advertisement with printing ink, and this is why they can exist on low prices. Logical, isn't it? Wholesale and retail. Goods for every branch of country and retail trade. may6tf

John F. Myers' Drug Store has removed to Virginia street next to Barnett's. may5-tf

For Cheap Drugs, Toilet Articles Patent Medicines, Perfumery, etc., call at John F. Myers' Drug Store, Virginia street, next to Barnett's. 3616

The finest brand of Kelly's celebrated Key West cigars are to be had at John F. Myers' Drug Store on Virginia street, next to Barnett's. feb16

Drugs and Patent Medicines Of every description sold cheap by John F. Myers, Virginia street, next to Barnett's. feb16

The true antidote to the effects of malaria, dysentery, cholera, etc., is Rihloh's Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary medicines, and is immensely demanded wherever on this continent fever and ague exists. A winged angel three times a day is the best possible preventive for countering a malarial atmosphere, regulating the liver and invigorating the stomach. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

A. C. NEALE
HAS REMOVED HIS FURNITURE store from the Odd Fellows' building to

THE RED STORE,
North of the railroad, between Virginia and Second streets, where his old friends will find him with a full line of furniture and bedding, cheaper than ever. Repairing of all kinds in his line. Sept16

MISCELLANEOUS

No Whiskey!

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is one of the very few tonic medicines that are not composed mostly of alcohol or whiskey, thus becoming a fruitful source of temperance by promoting a desire for rum.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is guaranteed to be a non-intoxicating stimulant, and it will, in nearly every case, take the place of all liquor, and at the same time absolutely kill the desire for whiskey and other intoxicating beverages.

Rev. G. W. Rice, editor of the *American Christian Review*, says of Brown's Iron Bitters:

Cin., O., Nov. 16, 1881.
Gents:—The foolish wasting of vital force in business, pleasure, and vicious indulgence of our people, makes your preparation a necessity; and if applied, will save hundreds who resort to saloons for temporary recuperation.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has been thoroughly tested for dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, weakness, debility, overwork, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption, liver complaints, kidney troubles, &c., and it never fails to render speedy and permanent relief.

Reno, Surprise Valley and Goose Lake.



FOUR-HORSE STAGE.

CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL.

J. E. CALDERWOOD, Proprietor.

NO failure of connection. Connects at Lake View, Oregon, with stages for Cheyenne, Silver Lake, Summer Lake, Hub's Lake, Prineville and The Dalles, also with stages for Drew's Valley, Linville, Sprague River and Ashland. Close connection at Cedarville with stages for Altura and Lakeview, but do not book passengers for the latter place.

Leaves Reno daily, Sundays excepted, at 7 o'clock a. m., arriving at Lake View at 9 p. m. the following day, and returning on similar time.

DISTANCE 230 MILES. FARE \$93
ang2tf T. K. HYMERS, Agent.

NEVADA & OREGON RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TAKING EFFECT OCT. 2, 1882.

ON AND AFTER OCT. 2, 1882,

TRAINS WILL LEAVE RENO

For Oneida (distance 30 miles) at 7 a. m., or on arrival of Central Pacific train from the west, daily (Sundays excepted), arriving at 9:30 a. m.

RETURNING, LEAVES ONEIDA

Daily at 4:30 p. m. (Sundays excepted), or upon arrival of stages from the north, and arriving at Reno at 5:30 p. m. sept29tf

ASK FOR

UNION INDIA RUBBER CO.'S

Pure Gum

CRACK-PROOF RUBBER BOOTS & COATS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Be sure the boots are stamped

CRACK-PROOF

On the heel. Be sure of the

GENUINE GUM SPRING

On the foot and instep.

Which prevent their cracking or breaking. They will last twice as long as any others manufactured. For sale by all dealers.

All kinds of

RUBBER BELTING, PACKING ROPE, SPRINGS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, E. C.

GODYEAR RUBBER CO.

R. H. PHASE, JR., Agents, San Francisco

S. M. KUNYON sept2nd&w

COAST CLIPPINGS.

Charles Murray dropped dead on the street at San Francisco Thursday.

A fire at Placerville, Merced county, Wednesday, caused a loss of about \$50,000.

In a quarrel at Cheyenne, Wyoming, Thursday, Thomas Talbot was fatally shot by his wife.

Charles Johnson shot a man named Devine in the Salmon river mountains, Washington Territory, and then killed himself.

Mrs. Elizabeth Starkey, a female doctor, has been held for manslaughter at Stockton, for improper treatment in a case of confinement which she attended, causing the patient's death.

Deer creek, near Chico, Cal., is said to be filled with salmon, and fishermen are spearing them with ease in day-time. It is more sport though to hunt these fish with the aid of a torch at night.

A bill has passed the Oregon Legislature to regulate salmon fishing. Its object is to prevent the use of those great water-wheels called "snails," the arm of which carry huge bucket-like nets that scoop up the salmon by the thousands, as a dredger does mud.

Marriage.

Tell us not in idle jingle "marriage is an empty dream," for the girl is dead that's single, and things are not what they seem. Life is real, life is earnest, single blessedness a fib; "Man thou art, to man returneth," has been spoken of the rib. Not enjoyment and not sorrow is our destined end or way, but to act each to-morrow finds us nearer marriage day. Life is long and youth is fleeting, and our hearts, though light and gay, still like pleasant drums are beating wedding marches all the day. In the world's field of battle, in the bivouac of life, be not like dumb driven cattle—be a heroine; a wife! Trust no future, however pleasant; act—act in the living present, heart within and hope ahead. Lives of married folks remind us we can live our lives as well, and, departing, leave behind us such examples as shall "tell"—such examples that another, wasting time in idle sport, a forlorn, unmarried brother seeing, shall take heart and court. Let us, then, be up and doing, with a heart on triumph set; still contriving, still pursuing, and each one a husband get.

Mrs. Julius Hoffstadt, Madison, Ind., bears hearty testimony to the wonderful cure by St. Jacobs Oil, of his wife, who suffered terribly with rheumatism. Permanent relief followed its use.

MYSTIC BALM

Is the most elegant and effective remedy known to prevent or heal chapping of the skin, rendering it soft, white and beautiful. It is as harmless as water, and the money will be returned if in any case it fail to give entire satisfaction. For sale by R. E. QUEEN, druggist and apothecary, in 25ct and 50ct bottles. oct20tf

THE CROWNING TRIUMPH OF ELECTRICITY

W. J. HORN'S

ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT

Patent, Nov. 11, 1879, Patent, Nov. 9, 1880, Medical Electricity

HORN'S ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT. (The Only Genuine.) First Premium State Fair, Electro-Magnetic Belt, New York, 1880, Electro-Magnetic Belt, Extra Applique, 1881, Electro-Magnetic Belt, 1882, Improvement on 1880.

GUARANTEED ONE YEAR. BEST IN THE WORLD. Will positively cure without medicine—Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Kidney Disease, Impotency, Rupture, Liver Disease, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Spinal Disease, Ague, Piles and other diseases. Also, GUARANTEED RELIEVED or cured. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Hundreds of cures.

W. J. HORN, Prop., & Manufacturer, 309 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

MARDER, LUCE & CO.

Type Founders and Dealers in

Printing Materials,

PACIFIC TYPE FOUNDRY

528 Sacramento Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

HUGH WALLACE, Manager.

S. M. JAMISON & SON,

—Dealer in—

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPERS

MAGAZINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCO, YANKEE NOTIONS

Commercial Row Reno.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER

Loss of Appetite, Borels, constipation, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a distention to expansion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellowing of the skin, Headaches generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases; one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 50 cents. 55 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS change to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color. Acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.00.

OFFICE, 55 MURRAY ST., N. Y.
(See TUTT'S HAIR DYE of valuable information and useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

I. FREDRICK STILL IN THE LEAD.

A glance at the stock in the well-filled showcases at this prominent establishment, consisting of watches, chains, rings, ladies' sets, silverware, etc., will soon convince the public that it is unnecessary to think of sending to the city for any article in the jewelry line. My stock is the largest and finest selected ever seen in Reno, and my prices defy competition.

As a watchmaker, the entire satisfaction my work gives speaks for itself. Do not fail to give me a call before going elsewhere.

I. FREDRICK,
Sole agent for the celebrated English nickle table ware, which sells at a low figure. sept15&w

THE PACIFIC Lumber and Wood COMPANY.

HEADQUARTERS.....TRUCKEE, CAL
Location of Works.....Olinston, Cal

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER—AND—TIMBERS.

RAILROAD LATH, SHINGLES.

DRESSED LUMBER AND RUSTIC—FURNISHED—

On Shortest Notice

Parties having cash in hand, can get their orders filled at a cheaper rate than at any mill on the Truckee river.

NELSON MARTIN, Superintendent.
Truckee, Nevada Co., California. 1c1y17 tf

POLLARD HOUSE.

ORLANDO EVANS,.....PROPRIETOR

THIS HOTEL IS NEW AND NEWLY furnished.

Is well supplied with the best of the market

THE BAR

Is well supplied with the choicest of Liquors, Wines and Cigars.

35 ROOMS, WITH NEW AND ELEGANT Furniture. This hotel is situated opposite

the C. P., V. & T. and N. & O. R. R. Depots.

Families and the traveling public can find a pleasant home. Rates reasonable. oct16

25 STEEL PLATE & PEARL CHRO 16 MO CARDS (half each) same on 10c 14 packs \$1.00. \$50 given to best Agent. Full particulars with first order. NATIONAL CARD WORKS, New Haven, Conn. 1c14tf

\$5 to \$20 a day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address: B. HALL & CO., Portland, Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

The best and most economical hair dressing, and made from materials that are beneficial to the hair and scalp. Parker's Hair Balsam is highly esteemed everywhere for its success in restoring the hair to its natural color and preventing its falling out. It never fails to restore the youthful color and lustre to gray or faded hair, is elegant, and is warranted to remove dandruff and itching of the scalp, and prevent falling of the hair. 50c and \$1 size, at dealers in drugs.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain and anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier and the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once! It will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

HISCOX & CO., 125 William St., New York. 50c and one dollar size, at all dealers in medicine.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON Cologne and look for signature of

COLOCNE.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 50c and 75c sizes. LARGEST SAVING BUYING THE SIZE.

CANDIDATES' BALL AT GLENDALE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1882.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
R. H. Kinney, Henry Whistler, John Little, John Klippe.

INVITATION COMMITTEE:
Hon S. D. King, Hon W. M. Boardman, P. B. Constock, R. S. Osburn, J. F. Laycock, J. B. Williams, S. C. Pogue, Dan Boyd, F. H. Donnelly, Geo W Conkling, Jr.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE:
Frank Emmitt, J. F. Alexander, W. H. Young, Wm H Dickens.

FLOOR MANAGERS:
A. C. Bragg, A. A. Evans, John F. Myers, Capt Moger.

FLOOR DIRECTOR—ALLEN C. BRAGG.

MUSIC BY FREDRICK & HASTINGS.

TICKETS { Including supper } \$2 00.
oct17d

MRS. M. A. FORSTER,

LEADING MILLINER

Adams' Block, Carson City, Nevada.

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM New York and San Francisco with an elegant stock of

Milinery Goods

And is prepared to fill all orders at a reasonable price. Send and satisfy yourself.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 10oct1m

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

I HAVE OPENED A CIGAR STORE opposite M. Nathan's clothing house on Virginia street, and have just put in a splendid stock of goods, consisting of the

CHOICEST BRANDS OF CIGARS, BEST OF TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, ETC.

EVERY ARTICLE IN MY STORE IS OF THE BEST quality. I cordially invite the citizens of Reno to give me a call. I am here to stay, and solicit my share of public patronage. Call and I will convince you that it is to your interest to trade with me.

ALFRED NELSON, Virginia St.

AMERICAN HOTEL, Opposite Passenger Depot,

FRONT ST., TRUCKEE, CAL.
STEWART McKAY, PROPRIETOR.
Board and Lodging, per week, \$4, \$7 and \$8, according to room.
BOARD PER WEEK.....\$6 00
MEALS.....25 CENTS
LODGINGS.....25 TO 50 CENTS mat9tf
\$66 a week in our own town. Terms and particulars free. Address: H. HALL & CO., Portland, Maine.

PROFESSIONAL

DR. W. BERGMAN
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE—Second street, next door to Webster's law office, Reno, Nevada.

S. BISHOP,
M. D.,
HAS returned from Europe, and can be consulted at his residence. 2411

F. R. WAGGONER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Residence and office, that formerly occupied by Dr. H. H. H. 2411

E. L. BRIDGES,
SURVEYOR, CIVIL ENGINEER
Deputy U. S. Mineral Surveyor for Nevada and County Surveyor of Washoe County. Office in the Court House, Reno. 10ang1tf

ASSAY OFFICE
OF A. B. WILLIAMS,
In the Western Addition, at the corner of Fifth and Washington streets, Reno, Nevada. Assays accurately made and certificates given. aug25tf

WILLIAM CAIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Reno, Washoe County, Nevada.

OFFICE—In Odd Fellows' Building corner Virginia and Second streets. 6-1-1

BOARDMAN & ALEXANDER,
LAW OFFICE
In Steele's building, Commercial Row. mar31tf

R. H. LINDSAY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Will practice in all the Courts of this State and California. Office in Henderson's building. ing. may8m1 (Journal copy)

D. ALLEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE—Over Lindley's grocery store Reno, Nevada. oct4tf

NATHAN'S EMPORIUM.

GRAND DISPLAY —OF—
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

West Side of Virginia St., Reno.

My stock consists of the latest styles of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Etc.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY ELEGANT STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Reno Evening Gazette

Every Evening, Sundays Excepted.

R. L. FULTON.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Daily, one year (by mail).....\$6 00
Weekly, one year (by mail).....\$2 50
By carrier, per week, to all parts of Reno 25

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Daily, one month, one square.....\$3 50
Weekly, one month, one square.....1 00
This includes both legal and commercial work.

SATURDAY.....OCTOBER 28, 1893

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ENOCH STROTHER

Of Storey county.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,

C. E. LAUGHTON

Of Ormsby.

FOR CONGRESSMAN,

C. C. POWING

Of Washoe.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

O. R. LEONARD

Of Humboldt.

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT,

CHARLES F. BICKNELL

Of Ormsby.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,

J. M. DORMER

Of Esmeralda.

FOR STATE CONTROLLER,

J. F. HALLOCK

Of Lincoln.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

GEORGE TUFFY

Of Ormsby.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL,

W. H. DAVENPORT

Of Eureka.

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL,

C. S. PREBLE

Of Washoe.

SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

C. S. YOUNG

Of Storey.

FOR STATE PRINTER,

J. C. HARLOW

Of Ormsby.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

State Senator,

P. N. MARKER

Of Washoe.

Assembly,

C. S. VARIAN

Of Reno.

Assembly,

W. E. PRICE

Of Franktown.

Assembly,

H. L. FISH

Of Reno.

District Judge,

W. M. BOARDMAN

Of Reno.

Sheriff,

J. F. EMMITT

Of Reno.

County Clerk,

P. B. COMSTOCK

Of Reno.

Recorder,

T. F. LAYCOCK

Of Reno.

Treasurer,

D. B. BOYD

Of Reno.

Assessor,

ORLANDO EVANS

Of Reno.

District Attorney,

J. F. ALEXANDER

Of Reno.

Long Term Commissioner,

S. C. FOGUS

Of Reno.

Short Term Commissioner,

G. W. SAWYER

Of Washoe.

Superintendent of Schools,

REV. W. R. JENVEY

Of Reno.

County Surveyor,

E. L. BRIDGES

Of Reno.

Public Administrator,

W. H. DICKENS

Of Reno.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

Justice of the Peace,

W. H. YOUNG

Of Reno.

Constable,

R. NASH

Of Reno.

Road Supervisor,

A. THOMPSON

Of Reno.

School Trustee,

F. R. WAGGONER

Of Reno.

School Trustee,

C. R. WICKES

Of Reno.

There are many precincts in Nevada.

A change of but one vote in each

precinct will determine the election, one

way or the other. Let Republicans

look to this and do good work at the

polls.

Voters of this precinct should

remember that it is the interest of the

whole town and county to cast their

ballots for S. C. Fagus for County

Commissioner.

W. H. Dickens has served this

county as Public Administrator and

Coroner for two years and has made a

good officer. It is to the county's in-

terest to re-elect him to the position.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP

The Lieutenant-Governor is, by virtue of his office, President of the Senate, and appoints all the committees in that body. Will not Mr. Laughton, if elected, appoint a Committee on Railroads that will pigeon-hole all the bills that may be referred to it for the reduction of rates on the roads which pay him a handsome salary?—*Winnemucca Silver State.*

The Enterprise effectually disposes of the *Silver State's* fallacies: Our Winnemucca contemporary is off the track in its judgment of Mr. Laughton, the Republican nominee for Lieutenant-Governor, in assuming that that gentleman would not regard the interests of his constituents as paramount to all other considerations while serving them in a public capacity. It is a notorious fact that the nomination for Lieutenant-Governor was of Mr. Laughton's own personal seeking and that the only opposition he encountered is what is popularly called "railroad influence." Mr. Laughton is a gentleman of independent means and has indicated his purpose to resign his connection as an officer of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad Company at the end of the present year.

Nothing could be more frivolous than the argument put forward in this campaign to injure Mr. Laughton's candidacy before the people. It is held that should he be elected he will by virtue of his office be President of the Senate, and therefore by virtue of his office appoint all the committees in that body. Now anyone who will take the trouble to read the rules governing the Legislature of the State of Nevada, together with the Constitution of the State, will perceive the fallacies contained in such a statement. Rule 20, of the Standing Rules, adopted by the Senate at the last session, is as follows:

"All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate."

Now it is clear enough that the Senate, if it distrusts its presiding officer, can appoint any or all of its committees without even changing its standing rules.

As for the insinuation that Mr. Laughton would appoint a Committee on Railroads that "will pigeon-hole all the bills that may be referred to it for the reduction of rates on the roads which pay him a handsome salary," it has already been answered in the statement that Mr. Laughton would consider the interests of his constituents paramount, and that not being an officer of the roads he could not receive a salary handsome, or otherwise, from them. The "pigeon-hole" bugbear is as bad as the rest of the meag and contemptible insinuations against Mr. Laughton, for it is in the power of the Senate at any time to demand a report from its committees, and upon failing to obtain one to proceed with such legislation as may be necessary, regardless of the action or non-action of a committee. So much for the latest assault upon a gentleman who has never been charged with a dishonorable act.

DEMOCRATIC BLUNDERING.

Nearly fifty years ago the Democratic party declared that State laws for the protection of the institution of slavery were and must remain paramount to laws of the general government; but where is the "higher law" to-day?

Thirty years ago the Democratic party announced that "slavery is the corner stone of Republican institutions." Where is slavery to-day?

Twenty years ago the Democratic party insisted that "secession is an alienable right." Where is that pernicious doctrine to-day?

Seventeen years ago the Democratic party declared that the debt piled up by the rebellion would never be paid. Yet it has been reduced nearly one-half up to to-day.

Seventeen years ago the Democratic party protested that the nation, under Republican rule, would be bankrupted; yet behold its prosperity to-day.

Twenty years ago the Democratic party fulminated and voted almost solidly against the Republican greenbacks as an unconstitutional issue; yet see how they love them to-day.

Thirteen years ago the Democratic party went solidly, in Congress and out, against the Resumption act, and a year later they tried to kill the resumption day clause; yet specie payments have been resumed to the great benefit of the republic's industries to-day.

These are only a few of the many palpable blunders which the Democratic party has been guilty of during its recent history, and which, if it had the power, it would repeat with variation, to-day.

THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.

A Large Number of Citizens Listen to Interesting Speeches—Gov. Strother Makes Many Friends—Mosses, Dormer and Tuffy Have Something to Say, and Stephens Throws Hot Shot into the Camp of the Enemy.

The Republican meeting last night at Nevada Theater was largely attended. F. R. Waggoner called the meeting to order and Capt. C. A. Bragg was elected Chairman, and T. K. Hyman, C. T. Bender, A. H. Manning, C. R. Wickes, G. W. Conkling, Jr., M. C. Lake and B. F. Leete were chosen Vice-Presidents. Chairman Bragg introduced Hon. Enoch Strother, who was greeted with a round of applause. Mr. Strother thanked his friends for the cordial greeting extended to him. He said he was proud of the honor the Republican party had bestowed in selecting him as their standard-bearer, and pledged himself, if elected, to perform the duties of the office fearlessly and honestly. He said no man or corporation had now or ever had any claims upon him, and that "no man or corporation shall ever dare to influence me to do anything that I do not believe to be right and for the best interests of the whole State." He had been a resident Republican of this State for twenty years, coming to Virginia as a miner, and if the people elected him as their Chief Magistrate he would devote his whole time to the discharge of the important duties connected therewith to the best of his ability and for the best interest of the whole people, and leave the office without a stain on his official record.

John M. Dormer, the nominee for Secretary of State, was next introduced and said:

"It is not within my province to-night to make a political talk, but I know that voters like to see the man who is asking them for their suffrages and hear him say a word or two. The office I seek is not a political one, but is clerical in its nature. If I am elected I will perform the duties connected with it with credit to myself and give the people no cause to regret that they voted for me."

Uncle George Tuffy, the candidate for Treasurer, followed Mr. Dormer. He said:

"Ladies and gentlemen—I hope and trust you do not expect any lengthy speech from me. I feel my duty, however, to say a few words. Shentlemens (of course the ladies have no votes in the political situation of Nevada), if you elect me your State Treasurer I will sit on the money so that it can't get away. I will thank you very kindly for your attention, and take my seat."

THE SPEECH OF THE EVENING.

J. A. Stephens was then introduced and made an eloquent speech. Mr. Stevens highly complimented Reno on its business prosperity. He said that during the canvass he had visited every part of the State, but had found no town enjoying the business advantages and prosperity that Reno and her people were blessed with.

"We have been challenged by the Democratic party to compare candidates and platforms, and we have always accepted the challenge with pleasure, knowing that by the comparison ours will not suffer. Enoch Strother, our candidate for Governor, came to this State 28 years ago. He loves the people and is familiar with the State's interests. He is honest, and capable, and will make one of the best Governors that ever filled the executive chair. Jewett Adams, he said, was a chronic office-seeker; that he had held the position of Lieutenant-Governor for eight years, and was called upon to act as President of the Senate once in every two years for 60 days; that in eight years he had performed 240 days' work for which he had received \$3,900 per year, or \$31,200 in all. He said Jewett had no particular amount of brains to recommend him to the people, and that thousands of Democrats in the State were equally as capable of being Governor as Jewett W. Adams.

"You have on your ticket for Congressman a young man who has worked from a peasant peddler in boyhood to a seat in the State Senate, and while he occupied a seat in that body he always worked faithfully for the people, never betrayed a trust or went back on a pledge."

"I know Cassidy," said Mr. Stephens, "and have nothing to say against him as a gentleman, and personally I like him. I heard him make the most ingenious misrepresentation of facts last evening. I ever heard in my life." The speaker reviewed each point made by Cassidy and refuted the same. He said that it was something new for Cassidy to be against corporations. He had always known him as being on their side. He reviewed Cassidy's record in the State Senate and said that Senator Jones would give more particularly his record on national questions to-night. He read from the State Controller's report of 1879 to show the utter fallacy of Cassidy's statement in regard to State finances during the Bradley administration. He reviewed the record made in the past twenty months by the Democrats in office in Storey county and was happy to know that the Republican party would soon get control of the county government. He felt sure that the State would give a handsome majority to the Republican ticket on the 7th of November, and closed his remarks with a pithy and eloquent review of the past history of both parties.

GREAT FIRE AT TRUCKEE.

Large Loss of Property—Many Business Houses Destroyed.

(Special Dispatch to the GAZETTE.)

TRUCKEE, October 27.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire was discovered in Paul Menke's brewery, and before the flames could be checked his whole building was destroyed. The building being a wooden structure, was soon consumed. James Ridley's store, next door, soon caught, and being of wood, was soon consumed. The main building being fire-proof, his stock was saved. F. P. Stevens' wooden structure, next door, soon caught and was entirely destroyed. The lower portion was occupied by himself as a tin shop and a saloon kept by the Porter Bros. Mr. Stevens saved most of his stock, as did the Porter Bros. The hall above was occupied by the Good Templars. They saved most of their furniture. James Gray's barn, around the corner on Bridge street, soon caught, and was completely consumed. It was with the utmost exertion that the Pacific House and houses on Church street were saved. The wind changed, and then the Sheritt House caught, as well as the American Hotel. H. Davis' store, adjoining the American Hotel, will probably be saved, although the roof is badly burned. The Odd Fellows' hall, adjoining Davis' store, is likewise consumed. J. Marzen & Son, who occupied the lower portion of the building, will probably save their stock of meat. It is believed that at this hour, 10 A. M., the fire is under control. The Truckee Lumber Co.'s fire department, and also the Washoe steam engine, did excellent work. The C. P. engines, Sampson, the Truckee yard engine, and the Bald Eagle, from the Summit, were called into play and did good work.

The losses, as far as can be ascertained, are about as follows:

Paul Menke loses his building, which is uninsured.

Wm. O'Neil loses his stock of fixtures and liquors.

James Ridley is reported as being uninsured.

Geo. W. Harrison, the upper story and stock of goods; insured.

Mrs. W. Durno, stock of dry goods; insured.

F. P. Stevens' property, it is reported, was insured for \$3,500.

Jas. Gray's barn and stock of hay was insured.

Porter Bros. lost their stock of liquors.

Jas. Sheritt saved some furniture, but lost his hotel; insured, it is reported, for \$14,000.

S. McKay of the American Hotel, some furniture saved; insured, it is said, for \$5,000.

H. Davis, damage to building; insured.

Odd Fellows, hall and fixtures; insured.

The usual number of plunderers were at work.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

TRUCKEE, October 28.

The amounts of insurance have been ascertained as follows: Stevens, \$3,500; Ridley, none; Harrison, \$3,000; Menke, \$5,000; Sheritt, \$15,000; McKay, \$5,000; Davis, \$2,500; Marzen, \$4,200; Hurd, none; Odd Fellows, \$3,300; Masons, \$500. Hurd & Davis damaged by water; Marzen burnt out.

The Dumb Dumb.

The deaf and dumb man about town is a fraud. This morning he went into Coleman & Pechner's barber shop and wrote on a slate that he wanted a "love of God shave." Coleman said he didn't do business that way, and suggested that the unfortunate dummy take a walk. Soon Pechner came in and the mute buzzed him for a scrape. Then Coleman began to show anger, when the dumb man asked, "What's hell yer git'n mad at." Then he was ejected.

Death of a Visitor.

Charles T. Troupe, a young man of 35, came to Reno about a week ago in failing health, thinking this bracing atmosphere would benefit him. He began to fail rapidly, however, being in the last stages of consumption, and his mother and wife, who were in San Jose, were therefore telegraphed for. They arrived on the train this morning, just 15 minutes before he died. The remains will be taken to Vancouver, his native place, for burial.

Death's Doings.

Torry Attinger, an old and highly respected citizen of Lovelocks, died October 26 of acute bronchitis. His loss is deeply felt by every citizen of that village.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPH.

The Conquering Hero.

LONDON, October 28.

General Sir Garnet Wolseley landed at Dover this afternoon from Egypt, and was enthusiastically received by crowds.

Starvation in Ireland.

DUBLIN, October 28.

There are 300 people on Tory Island without food, and other portions of the population of Western Ireland are threatened with starvation.

Be sure and go to hear Senator Jones to-night.

THOUPS—In Reno, Oct. 28, 1893, Charles T. Troupe of Vancouver, W. T., aged 35 years.

DIED.

TRUCKEE, October 28.

Steel-Works Burned.

CHESTER, Pa., October 28.

The extensive works of the Eureka Cast Steel Company at Lamakin were burned this morning. A large number of valuable patterns were destroyed. Loss, \$150,000; covered by insurance.

Poisoned With Pancakes.

BUFFALO, October 28.

Alvis Regar, a hotel keeper, with his wife and family, were poisoned by eating pancakes to-day. One child is dead. Two children may recover. The mother and father are in a precarious condition.

Robbing the Mails.

HARRISBURG, October 28.

Frank A. Crawl, assistant postmaster at Wellsboro, has been arrested for rifling registered letters. There has been very heavy losses in registered mail in transit through that office.

A \$75,000 Blaze.

EAST BRADY, Pa., October 28.

A fire here last evening burned half a dozen business houses and as many residences and one church. Loss estimated at \$75,000.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

Mrs. Scoville Declared Insane.

CHICAGO, October 28.

The sealed verdict in the Scoville insanity case was read by the clerk at 10 o'clock this morning. The verdict declares Mrs. Scoville insane. The court room was crowded with spectators. Mrs. Scoville was not in the court room and can't be found. Her lawyer and son declare they know nothing of her whereabouts.

Afternoon papers here state that Mrs. Scoville's attorney said privately this morning that Mrs. Scoville had friends who would run her off to Canada and support her there if she desired it. The verdict states that she has been insane about six months, and that her insanity is hereditary.

An Embassier Arrived.

CHICAGO, October 28.

A few days ago a man named H. D. Bennett, collection clerk for a Minneapolis agricultural implement company, was arrested here for the appropriation of checks and drafts belonging to his employers. It is now claimed that he also gained access to money letters of other firms and that he had an accomplice in Chicago who passed checks for him here while he did likewise for them in Minneapolis. His accomplice has not yet been found.

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JOTTINGS.

Dance at Kimball's Hall to-night.
Be sure and listen to Senator Jones to-night.
The young folks will attend the soiree to-night.

The little daughter of Ed Verrill is down with scarlet fever.
Some 500 head of cattle came in town to-day from Bidwell.

A souvenir for every purchaser at I. Barnett's premium sale.

The best yet. Inquire for "Derma toid." I. Barnett has them.

Buy your cigars of E. Meyer. He keeps the best brands in town.

The holidays will soon be here. I. Barnett is preparing—look out.

A. L. Ross drove in yesterday 80 head of cattle to Charley Zeigler.

H. Nugent dropped into town this morning, having a business look about him.

Calendar clocks at Naaby's. Thermometer at 7, 9, 11, 1, 3—43, 56, 62, 66, 66.

The Central Pacific pay car is coming along the road, disbursing money to employes.

There is \$2,000 worth of dry goods left to be sold at auction to-night and every night next week at Loomis' old place.

The boys had the steamer out this morning, to lumber up her joints for action when the Truckee fire gets down this way.

Go to Pechnor and get cleaned up for Sunday. His bath rooms are warm and comfortable and supplied with hot and cold water.

A company of 30 emigrants passed through the city last night from Germany and Switzerland. They propose locating a colony in Oregon.

A valuable shepherd dog belonging to Mr. Flint of Long Valley was poisoned to-day. Dr. Frank Perkins tried to save the animal, but was called in too late.

Blood in great blotches at the depot this morning created considerable talk. Some thought several men had been killed. Others thought somebody had started a slaughter house. The fact is that two Indians had a fight, and both got their noses mashed. Hence the claret.

Several pistol shots fired in Douglas avenue last night about 1 o'clock created a sensation. It was thought a shooting scrape was going on, but it turned out that an ambitious fireman was firing a wake-up salute to get a crowd together to go to the relief of Truckee.

PERSONALS.

S. W. Bowman, Auburn, Cal., is in town to-day.

C. C. Powning is expected on to-night's overland.

A. A. Smith intends to locate permanently in Salt Lake.

C. S. Preble, who will be Nevada's next Surveyor-General, is visiting Eureka and vicinity.

Judge Knox, Deputy Clerk, had a fainting fit in court yesterday. He came out all right in a few minutes.

Misses Eva, Josie, and Frank Barnes are all up from their late sickness, which was not scarlet fever, as erroneously reported.

Jack Massey, the Sweetwater millionaire, who has been stopping in Reno for some months, left for Bodie this morning, to cast his vote on election day.

Lieut. Hubert, Capt. Hunter and Maj. Spofford came from Fort McDermitt last night, and this morning left for Fort Bidwell, to court-martial some poor fellow.

A. Korn of San Francisco, on his return trip, reports Salt Lake City as a lively place. All the hotels are running to their full capacity and a good deal of building is being done. Altogether, the City of the Saints has a healthy appearance.

Candidates Still Coming.

Alfred Jose is a sure enough candidate for Constable. He has not got tired of the ginger ale business, but he doesn't want Truckee to get the start of Reno too much. In Truckee there are fourteen candidates for Constable and most of them are betting on their own election. There are several more coming out here, according to rumor, and Dick Nash thinks the more come out the better for him. Jose is a lively rustler and will make the campaign move along at a rattling pace. If he is elected he will house the sleepers and disturbers to the queen's taste beyond all question.

Powning at Pioche.

C. C. Powning addressed the largest and most enthusiastic meeting at Pioche that has been held there for years. Many say it was the most creditable to the Republican party ever held there. Powning made a good, logical argument, free from passion, appealing to reason. Everybody admired him for his solidity and fairness. He presents a strong contrast with the pictures drawn by unprincipled journals. He will receive a big vote there.

STATE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Instructive Lectures and Essays—How Shall We Make School Interesting? "School Discipline"—"The School Tripod"—"Language"—General Discussion.

At the morning session yesterday Miss Ella McNeely's paper elicited considerable applause and was received with pleasure. "How Shall We Make School Interesting?" was its title, and its matter was quite as interesting as it could have been made. The essayist, or rather the lady lecturer, showed that the path of learning should not be as it is generally spoken of, "rugged, steep and difficult," but should be "smooth and pleasant, over gentle slopes bright with verdure and flowers, watered by gurgling streams." There should be no greater pain or difficulty in mental growth than in healthy physical growth. It is in the teachers' hands to make the school work slow and fatiguing or rapid and exhilarating. In choosing a teacher, scholarly attainments are not only necessary, but a bright, sunshiny face and appearance should be demanded. The formal, stiff teacher represses the scholar and retards progress, but the bright, happy teacher draws out the love and enthusiasm of the scholar in all matters under consideration. Invention, imagination, language, experiment, and other qualifications of this kind, are necessary to the good teacher. Such an one makes school happy and joyous; and so it should be. Why? Because education or mental development is a growth. Normal growth is, by the law of nature, not attended with pain, but with pleasurable sensations. Further: It is an established fact that all exercise of mind, which produces pleasure, is more easily and thoroughly grasped than that which does not produce the pleasure. And now, in answering the subject-question, the lecturer gave her own experiences. In the primary grades objects should be used in teaching arithmetic, geography, physiology and indeed every branch, in order that the more abstract studies in the higher grades may follow easily in their tracks. And in all these cases Miss McNeely related instances in which the system commended had proved of wonderful utility. Hence, concrete study is to be more and more introduced, whilst abstract study from the text book falls into the background.

"If," the lecturer continued, "we would interest and truly instruct our pupils we must bring nature into our schoolrooms, and not see her through an author's eyes." Variety of methods, also, is an essential to interest. The benefit of allowing scholars in turn to take the place of the teacher in recitation, whilst the balance of the class stand as critics, was shown. Questions on the reading lesson add to its interest; also, reversing the usual order and allowing the pupil to question the teacher. Variety of exercises is also a necessary element of sustained interest. Originality in the teacher is another essential to success in keeping up the interest. Not only in work but in method. The teacher must be original. The scholar must also be drawn out to give original examples in the various studies for the others to work, and each question given analyzed by the scholar giving it. A good point was made by comparing the scholar to a guest. A good entertainer listens while the guest talks, and this should be done in schools. Work of a particular kind should be dropped immediately the scholar shows signs of fatigue. The interest of the scholar in a great measure depends upon that of the teacher. Preparation is necessary, and the lecturer severely condemned the teacher who allowed himself or herself to question the class on subjects he or she would be at sea upon. Politeness to and sympathy with and for the children was commended, and positive commands softened with the kind, persuasive "please," was shown to have more effect than the brutal demand. Interest must be shown in each scholar, and encouragement and just praise given when deserved or politic. Tidiness and pleasantness in surroundings, decorations, etc., are great factors in making school interesting. In conclusion, Miss McNeely argued that all effort to attain the object would be doubly rewarded by the teacher having gained the love of the pupil, and renewed interest in his own work.

SCHOOL DISCIPLINE.

Prof. Howe of Carson then introduced a discussion on "School Discipline." He remarked that school discipline was one the most important of school topics; for, however good a teacher might be, unless discipline was maintained no amount of instruction imparted could be remembered. He urged all the teachers to give their ideas on this subject for the help of those who were just commencing the work. Prof. Howe also took occasion to explain that he was thoroughly in sympathy with the modern methods of instruction given by Prof. Lyser, and his idea was that, if these methods obtained, school would be made so interesting to the pupil that the subject of discipline would become merely a secondary one. Rev. A. B. Palmer continued the discussion, and from the light of the teacher in Ohio 25 years ago explained the value of a strict discipline. This is not to be

maintained by physical power or brute force, but by the teacher leading the scholars to be co-operative with him. The scholars should feel the honor of keeping order and maintaining discipline. This is only to be obtained by a continuous explanation of the beauty and grandeur of an honorable character. Rev. George W. James drew forth from Mr. Palmer the acknowledgment that the birch was necessary under certain conditions and that provided order and discipline could not be gained by more birching another plan must be tried. He then argued that a firm commencement when entering the school, and by correcting the slightest infraction of disciplinary law, perfect order could speedily be obtained. He also commended the system of punishing children by anticipation of it, more than by the punishment itself.

"THE SCHOOL TRIPOD."

In the afternoon session Superintendent M. D. Bowen read an interesting paper on the "School Tripod." The subject was chosen as suggestive and novel. The tripod consisted of trustees, teachers and patrons of the school. Nowhere in the Union do these exist in a state of perfect harmony. They never will. The duties of the first leg in the tripod were now spoken of. Teachers have great responsibilities resting upon them; hence should possess not only high scholarly attainments, but also good moral capacity. Many are in the position of teachers who are not fit for the work, and the sooner these are found and cast out the better for the professor, the pupils and the future generations. To pass an examination is not the only qualification required. Knowledge is useless unless with it there is the power to impart it to others. A teacher to be successful must work and study unceasingly. Once fitted, always so, is not true in school work. He must keep up with the times in all things gain the respect and love of his scholars and the esteem and regard of their parents. There is too much indolence in the profession. The teacher is not careful to demand respect from his scholars because it is too much trouble. The practice of giving lessons independent of the text book must be cultivated. Parrot-like work, ere long, will have to be entirely discarded, and nothing but intelligible results in the scholar received as evidence of the fitness of the teacher. Strict discipline in schools, also, is an essential, and no person is fit to teach unless this is maintained by him. The time allotted to each study should be known to each scholar, so that due preparation may be made, and the teacher should allow no possible excuse on the plea of "I didn't know." The teacher must remember that his duty is not to give the scholar new brains or faculties, but merely to cultivate those he already possesses.

The essayist then followed with a scathing denunciation of the incompetency, incapacity, ignorance and inability (if we may coin a term) of the present school trustees. He showed clearly that unless the trustees performed their honorary duties in a more efficient manner, the sooner the office was abolished the better it would be for all concerned. The County Superintendent was shown to be a man far more capable, as a rule, of performing the work of the trustees, and it was recommended that that officer do the work. The patrons of the school were urged to a more earnest consideration of the school question. The immense importance of it was shown, and the value of an immediate change for the better explained. Parents must be more in sympathy with the teacher and not shield the scholar from punishment or correction when justly deserved. Owing to the foolish caprice of the parents, teachers are often discharged without sensible or just grounds. The new teacher has all the real work to go over again with his scholars, and he gets into hot water and is banished, and so the wheel keeps revolving—a new teacher every quarter. In a great measure this is the fault of the parent and should not occur. Occasionally physical punishment is necessary, and no teacher, or very few, would ever think of so humiliating a scholar without just reason. Superintendent Bowen concluded a most able lecture with Lord Brougham's admirable words: "The schoolmaster is abroad! I trust more to him, armed with his primer, than I do to the soldiers in full military array."

"LANGUAGE."

After Prof. Bowen's lecture, Prof. Lyser gave an interesting talk on the subject of "Language." The professor has what we term peculiar ideas (to some of the teachers) on this subject. The superiority of man consists in that he possesses speech, whilst the lower animals do not. Language is the most important study of school work. Facility and accuracy in the mother tongue should be cultivated in the school, and this is the prime end of the teaching of grammar or language. If the teaching of the present day does not attain these objects, new methods must be introduced; and none can deny the impeachment that grammar as taught at present is a failure and does not attain what it is supposed to do. The three factors in teaching grammar are teachers, pupils and text books or methods employed. Now, if in other subjects the teachers with the same pupils can produce good results, and cannot procure good results in grammar, the fault must be in the methods employed. Teachers are expected to be superior in the use of grammar to laymen, or those who are not employed in training in grammar. It is a fact well known

that much of the litigation of the present day is the result of want of grammatical knowledge, or want of the proper meaning of words. Many of the leading scholars of the day make blunders in grammar. Why is this? Have teachers been frauds while professing to teach grammar? Have the scholars been too dull to learn while in other subjects there was no difficulty? There is but one answer. It is that the present means are inadequate to attain the required end. Indeed, they are false. They are unphilosophical; hence the want of results. The so-called English grammar is not English grammar, but merely an appropriated Latin grammar. The Latin language is an inflective one, while that of the English is peculiarly uninflective. Hence the falseness of the principle of applying the principles of the one to the other. Before a grammar can be compiled of the language of any nation or people, the language must first be spoken and used. Then comes the student who studies the rules and forms that have made the language, and he systemizes the whole and calls it grammar.

In English grammar the position of the word determines the meaning, but in Latin it is not so. Hence the monotony of attempting to base an English grammar upon another tongue different in its construction. Several of the rules of English syntax were shown to be false because based upon the Latin language. The only way a person can learn to do a thing is by doing it. So it is with language. The way to learn the mother tongue is by using it—by writing and speaking correctly. Those children who are brought up among parents and friends who use the language purely are those who speak perfectly and not those who have studied all the grammars that ever were written. Where did Shakespeare and Bacon and all other great writers of the middle age gain their grammatical conception of language and accuracy of speech? Not from grammars, for there were none; but it must solely have been by using the language, and using it in the present forms. And now the important question is, how is the desired object to be obtained if the old method is discarded? Simply by using language itself, from the simplest to the most complex forms. Then comes the query: Are those systems for teaching in this way in use? Yes. These were then explained by the lecturer. A child at six years has a certain vocabulary, limited and incomplete. This must be corrected and enlarged and language lessons given daily. The aim is to lead the child from the earliest years to make sentences and make them correctly. To connect objects with pictures and words which represent those objects, and with written characters which also call the object to mind. This leads the child to use the vocabulary it is learning with accuracy and promptitude. Immediately the child can write, this work should be written: Sentences made by the school and written accurately on the board or slate, each sentence commencing with a capital letter and terminating with a period. Each year's course was then explained by the Professor, and he afterwards explained, in response to a query made by Mr. James, that the grammar itself should not be introduced to the pupil before the high-school term began.

A FREE DISCUSSION.

Discussion now being in order, Prof. Howe of Carson followed with a most eloquent argument that, although he heartily endorsed all that the lecturer had said up to a certain point, yet he deemed it essential that the rules should be known and applied, so that reason alone should guide the pupil in grammatical construction, and not mere habit. Mistakes should be corrected, not merely because they were mistakes, but the reason should be shown and the pupil able to grasp the reason. Hence if the text book was entirely discarded this would be an impossibility and the teacher placed in the unenviable position of a corrector or without a reason for the correction, except simply and dogmatically, "It's wrong."

After a few remarks by Mr. Palmer upon the subject, Mrs. Scoville followed with high eulogiums upon Prof. Howe's methods of imparting grammatical knowledge. She argued that it is the duty of the teacher to stimulate the minds of his scholars. His aim should be to lead them to love the study; and not only this, but to infuse such a spirit of enthusiasm into their minds that they shall enjoy everything in which they engage. Text books are not to be made the sole reliance of education. The mental faculties must be brought into play; hence, therefore, she highly approved Prof. Lyser's ideas and hoped the time would speedily come when they would be universally adopted.

Mrs. Martin contended that the system of diagramming was of great help to the scholar in pointing out the relation of words to each other, and to the ideas which are to be expressed.

Mr. E. C. Maris thought that the originality of the teacher had a great deal to do with his success in imparting grammatical knowledge. Mr. James heartily endorsed both professors Howe and Lyser in that while the text book was a hindrance to the early student, it would in the hands of the High School scholar be a rule and guide in all cases of doubt or dispute.

The address and discussion were both exceedingly interesting and full of instruction to teachers in every grade, and as a consequence excited considerable attention and after argument.

LAST EVENING'S SESSION.

It would appear that during the dis-

cussion of the paper on "Language" yesterday afternoon a few members of the Institute indulged in a somewhat heated debate, as Professor Lyser prefaced his remarks last evening with an apology for anything he had said that would seem to his listeners too hasty, and said that now the discussion was over he was willing to concede that there had really been no great difference of opinion on the subject. He paid a handsome compliment to Nevada schools in general, and said that the reputation for excellence of the Gold Hill and Carson public schools was not confined to this State, but extended to California and the Coast in general. He said no better standard of how a public school should be conducted could be cited than the schools of Gold Hill, of which C. S. Young, the Republican candidate for State Superintendent of Public Instruction, is principal. The Professor paid that gentleman a high compliment as an educator. After thanking the citizens of Reno for the interest manifested in the proceedings of the Institute, he began his lecture on "Evolution." It was a masterly support of the theory of the development of matter and man, as laid down by Huxley, Darwin and others. The gentleman is a pleasant speaker, and held the attention of the large audience from the beginning to the end of his discourse. His illustrations were to the point, and his numerous quotations showed careful and extended reading and good taste. He was evidently in earnest on his subject, and his hearers were at least benefitted by listening to a logical review of an interesting question. The GAZETTE will publish his paper in full next week.

At the close of Prof. Lyser's remarks Miss Alice Wilson of Carson acquitted herself very creditably in a vocal solo, for which Miss Martin, also of Carson, played the piano accompaniment.

Rev. Mr. James of Eureka extended his thanks to the citizens of Reno for the manner in which they had conducted themselves toward the Institute, and announced that, by a vote of the Institute taken yesterday afternoon, it had been decided to continue the session during to-day and this evening. Also, that, to vary the order of the proceedings, he would this evening occupy a portion of the time by exhibiting stereoscopic views. He also stated that the young ladies of the seminary would assist in the entertainment. This is a sufficient guarantee that those who attend this evening will have the pleasure of listening to a good musical programme.

After singing, by a quartette composed of Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Greeley, Mr. Lindsay and Mr. James, M. D. Bowen adjourned the Institute until this forenoon.

REPUBLICANISM TO-NIGHT.

Senator Jones will Address a Grand Mass Meeting at the Theater.

Senator J. P. Jones and Major C. E. Laughton will speak at the theater this evening upon the live issues in politics. The Senator's national reputation ought to secure him a full turnout of Republicans. He stands high in the United States Senate as an orator and ready debater, and will no doubt present something out of the regular order of campaign speeches. Without doubt his speech will be of great interest to all who attend, no matter what party they may affiliate with. Major Laughton will present himself to the voters of Reno so that they can compare him with his Democratic opponent.

Church Notice.

Services will be held at the Congregational Church at the usual hours—11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Rev. G. W. James will preach in the morning. Those who have listened to him at the Teachers' Institute will be glad to hear him again. A cordial welcome to strangers and all. Sunday school at 2:30. A. B. Palmer, Pastor.

Services in the Baptist Church conducted by the pastor Rev. E. B. Hatch, at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Morning subject: "The Woman of Canaan." Evening: "The Conquest of Fools." Seats free and strangers made welcome.

Special Church Notices.

The Rev. Mr. James of Eureka will occupy the Congregational pulpit in the morning (Sunday), and the Methodist pulpit in the evening at the usual hours. In the afternoon he will deliver a lecture in the Baptist Church on the subject of "Modern Spiritualism." Mr. James has for some years been an earnest investigator, and has nightly attended seances with the finest mediums in the world, and he will relate the results of his tests and investigations. All are cordially invited to attend services and lecture.

Crushed His Shoulder.

B. C. Maris, who has been stopping at agricultural park for some time, broke a bone in his shoulder the other day. He put his right shoulder under the end of a wagon-bolt to raise it, not thinking of the under cross-bar, the corner of which crushed a bone in his shoulder which makes it very disagreeable and painful for him. It will take the shoulder some little time to get as good as of yore.

A true assistant to nature in restoring the system to perfect health, thus enabling it to resist disease, is Brown's Iron Bitters. Bottled by

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ABRAHAM BROTHERS
PROPRIETORS,
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Ever brought to this State, consisting in part of

Scotch cheviot suits, Germania castor beaver suits (New Style), Cassimere Suits, Chin-chilla and Cloth Frock and Sack Coats, English and French Diagonal suits, French Tricot suits, Black Beaver and Light-Colored Overcoats for Fall and Winter, Ulsters and Overcoats, French Doeskin Pants, Fancy and plain Diagonal Pants, Fancy Cassimere Vests, etc., etc.; also a Complete line of

MEN'S YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

Comprising a full assortment of gents' youths' and boys'

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—IN OUR—

FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT,

The Finest Underwear, Shirts, Suspenders, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Neckties, Etc.

WE GIVE OUR PATRONS A CORDIAL invitation to call and examine our stock. It is no trouble to show goods. Our advantages in the markets enable us to sell at prices lower than ever before offered.

OUR FALL STOCK

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Our stock will speak for itself. The Senior member of our firm selected the stock, and his long experience and excellent judgment our patrons will get the benefit of. Sole agents for the

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GREAT REDUCTION IN
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My Fall and Winter stock of boots and shoes is now complete, consisting in part of



Finest Hand Sewed, Standard Screw and Machine Sewed

Gents', Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes. An Inspection of my stock is solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

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WILL MANUFACTURE AND KEEP IN STOCK

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Redwood rustic, ceiling and surfaced Oregon-pine flooring and scantling, redwood and pine shingles and shakes and every description of building material.

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Packing and fruit boxes of every description; scroll-sawing and turning; sugar and yellow pine from the northern valleys a specialty.

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